



Mining the Depths of Excel

Case Study in Objects and Arrays

ZipCodes - All Zips.csv - Microsoft Excel

	A	B	C	D	E	F
1	Zipcode	Latitude	Longitude	City	StateAbbr	County
2	16820	40.908997	-77.424249	AARONSBURG	PA	CENTRE
3	36310	31.599256	-85.209408	ABBEVILLE	AL	HENRY
4	31001	31.972626	-83.33082	ABBEVILLE	GA	WILCOX
5	70510	29.943573	-92.148728	ABBEVILLE	LA	VERMILION
6	70511	29.9752	-92.1353	ABBEVILLE	LA	VERMILION
7	38601	34.489297	-89.474125	ABBEVILLE	MS	LAFAYETTE
8	29620	34.189812	-82.412455	ABBEVILLE	SC	ABBEVILLE
9	4406	45.221933	-69.49039	ABBOT	ME	PISCATAQUIS
10	54405	44.950905	-90.304868	ABBOTSFORD	WI	CLARK

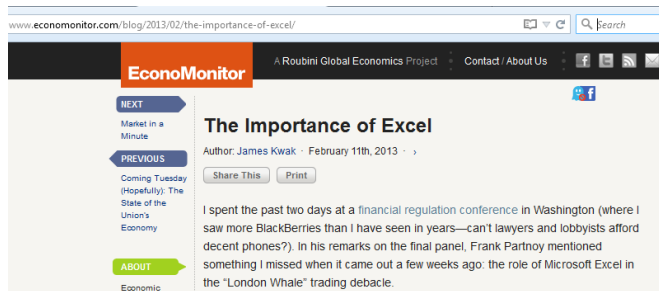


Why Excel?

James Kwak:

(prominent financial blogger?)

"...Microsoft Excel is one of the greatest, most powerful, most important software applications of all time..."



www.economonitor.com/blog/2013/02/the-importance-of-excel/

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PREVIOUS
Coming Tuesday (Hopefully): The State of the Union's Economy

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Economic

The Importance of Excel

Author: James Kwak · February 11th, 2013 ·

Share This Print

I spent the past two days at a financial regulation conference in Washington (where I saw more BlackBerries than I have seen in years—can't lawyers and lobbyists afford decent phones?). In his remarks on the final panel, Frank Partnoy mentioned something I missed when it came out a few weeks ago: the role of Microsoft Excel in the "London Whale" trading debacle.

*"...Excel is everywhere you look in the business world—especially in areas where people are adding up numbers a lot, ... I have a probably untestable hypothesis that, were you to come up with some measure of units of software output, **Excel would be the most-used program in the business world...**"*

(<http://www.economonitor.com/blog/2013/02/the-importance-of-excel/>)



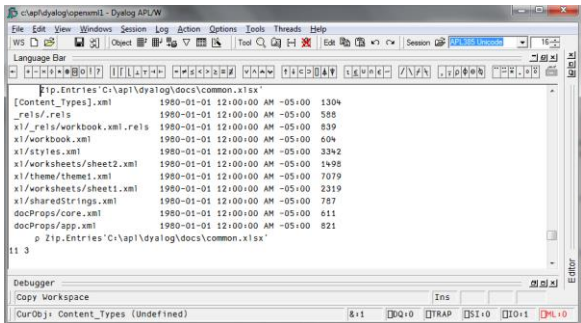
Excel at BCA Research...

- Lists - keeping track of..., eg. user profiles, data retrieval codes, publication files, etc.
- Data sources - (Bloomberg, ThomsonReuters...) make data available as .xlsx or .csv
- Interfaces for data collection - downloads and analytical tools are driven by Excel Add-ins
- Charts - if no other way to produce
- Statistics - if no better way to calculate
- Reports - presentation of analyses; lists of things that need attention, etc.
- Process control - "table-driven" tasks - determine what to do based on worksheet contents

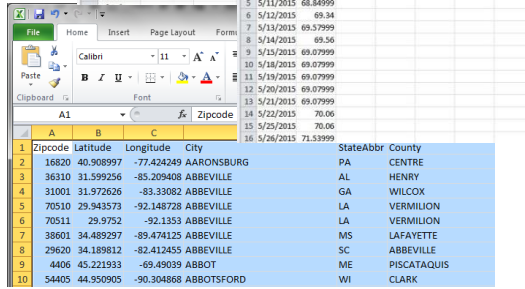
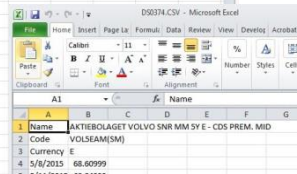
In short, Excel is extremely important, and EVERYWHERE



Integration with APL



XLSX
CSV
XLS
←
1000's

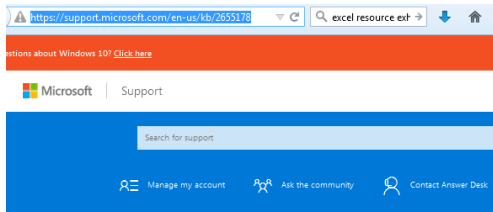


NEED for SPEED?
Automation?

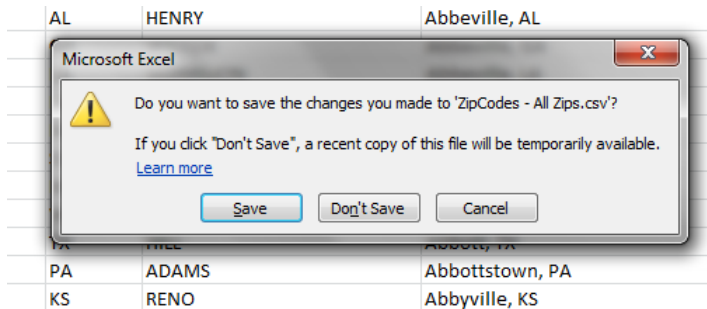


Glitches & Gotchas

- Installation / Incompatibility issues - APL/Excel
- Resource exhaustion - Excel
- Automation failures, eg. pop-ups



Excel cannot complete this task with available resources error, Excel 2010



Excel and XML

Office Open XML (OOXML)

en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Office_Open_XML

- around 2000 - MS began to develop xml-based format for Office documents
- 2000-2006 - standardization process (ECMA/ISO/IEC)
- MS Office 2007 - MS adopts the format as default
- *.xlsx, not *.xls

Office Open XML (also informally known as OOXML or OpenXML) is a zipped, XML-based file format developed by Microsoft for representing spreadsheets, charts, presentations and word processing documents. The format was initially standardised by Ecma (as ECMA-376) and, in later versions, by ISO and IEC (as ISO/IEC 29500). Starting with Microsoft Office 2007...



Article [Talk](#)

Office Open XML

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

Not to be confused with [Open Office XML](#)



Support for Office Open XML (non-MS)

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_software_that_supports_Office_Open_XML

and

en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Comparison_of_Office_Open_XML_software#Spreadsheet_documents

- Many direct products
- other (C#/VB) programming components
- Office Open XML standard (ECMA-376 and ISO/IEC 29500:2008)



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The Free Encyclopedia

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List of software that supports Office Open XML

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

This is an overview of software support for the Office Open XML

Office Open XML

- Office Open XML file formats
- Open Packaging Conventions
- Open Specification Promise
- Office Open XML software
- Comparison of Office Open XML software



Why not COM? (OLE, ActiveX...)

(<http://ramblingcookiemonster.github.io/PSExcel-Intro/>)

"Chances are you have worked with Excel through COM...this isn't supported if you want to use it in an automated solution... "

...from Microsoft: (<https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/kb/257757>)

All current versions of Microsoft Office were designed, tested, and configured to run as end-user products on a client workstation. They assume an interactive desktop and user profile. They do not provide the level of reentrancy or security that is necessary to meet the needs of server-side components that are designed to run unattended.

"Microsoft does not currently recommend, and does not support, Automation of Microsoft Office applications from any unattended, non-interactive client application or component (including ASP, ASP.NET, DCOM, and NT Services), because Office may exhibit unstable behavior and/or deadlock when Office is run in this environment."

So #1 = Automation; Plus - above-mentioned issues...



Options beyond COM/OLE

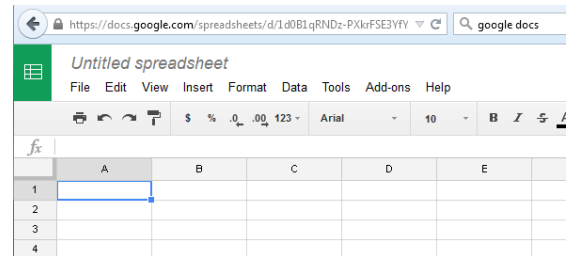
Application?, or API?

- Who does the UI?
- Is there a UI?, etc.
- (there's also ODBC?; ADO.Net?)



Applications

- www.openoffice.org - "Calc", formerly by Sun Microsystems, now Apache
- Google Docs; Android Apps - work but are features limited?
- (MS-OneDrive = Excel Online?)



API / Utilities

Syncfusion XlsIO

Introduction to Essential XlsIO

Essential XlsIO is a 100% native .NET library that generates fully functional Microsoft Excel Spreadsheets in native Excel format without depending on Microsoft Excel. **Essential XlsIO** is a perfect solution for those who need to read and write Microsoft Excel files from code. It does not require MS Excel to be installed in the report generation machine or server.

Essential XlsIO library can be used in any .NET environment including C#, VB.NET, and managed C++. It is a Non-UI component that can be used in ASP.NET, Windows Forms, WPF, Silverlight, ASP.NET MVC, WinRT, Windows Phone 8 applications, without any change in the API.

Invoice.xlsx - Excel

FILE HOME INSERT PAGE LAYOUT

H18

1 NORTHWIND TRADERS

2

3 One Portland Way INVOICE NO: 10259

4 Twin Points WA 98156 DATE: April 23, 2014

5 Phone: 1-206-555-1417 CUSTOMER ID: Centro comercial Moctezuma

6 Fax: 1-206-555-9938

7 BILL TO Centro comercial Moctezuma SHIP TO Centro comercial Moctezuma

8 Sierras de Granada 9993 Sierras de Granada 9993

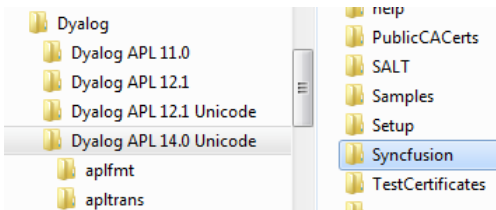
9 México D.F. México D.F.

10 Mexico Mexico

PRODUCT ID	QUANTITY	UNIT PRICE	DISCOUNT	PRICE
21	10	8	0	\$80.00
37	1	20.8	0	\$20.80
SUB TOTAL				\$100.80
FREIGHT				\$3.25
TOTAL				\$104.05

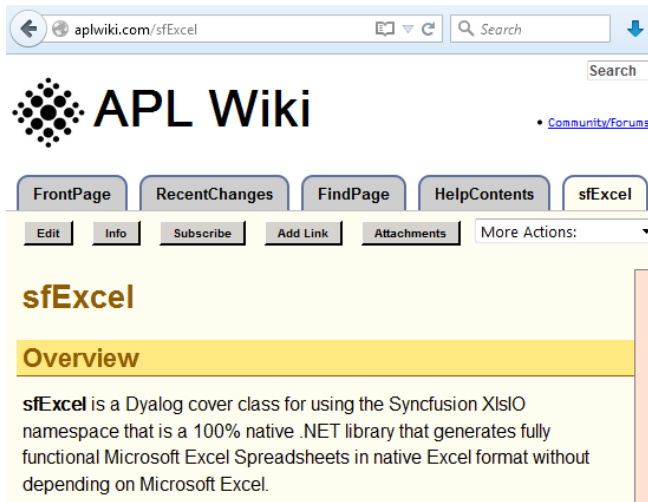
Thank you for your business

Sales Invoice



sfExcel

- excellent toolkit for Dyalog APL (no need to study XlsIO)
- Namespace
- speed issues if (1000's < 1↑ρMAT)
- "DataTable" feature for speedups
- some formatting options
- data/text only (not "inclusions")
- Pierre Gilbert



The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL `aplwiki.com/sfExcel`. The page title is "APL Wiki" and the page content is for "sfExcel". The page has a navigation bar with buttons for "FrontPage", "RecentChanges", "FindPage", "HelpContents", and "sfExcel". Below the navigation bar are buttons for "Edit", "Info", "Subscribe", "Add Link", "Attachments", and a "More Actions:" dropdown menu. The main content area has a yellow header for "sfExcel" and a sub-header for "Overview". The overview text states: "sfExcel is a Dyalog cover class for using the Syncfusion XlsIO namespace that is a 100% native .NET library that generates fully functional Microsoft Excel Spreadsheets in native Excel format without depending on Microsoft Excel."

Reading data from the spreadsheet to APL:

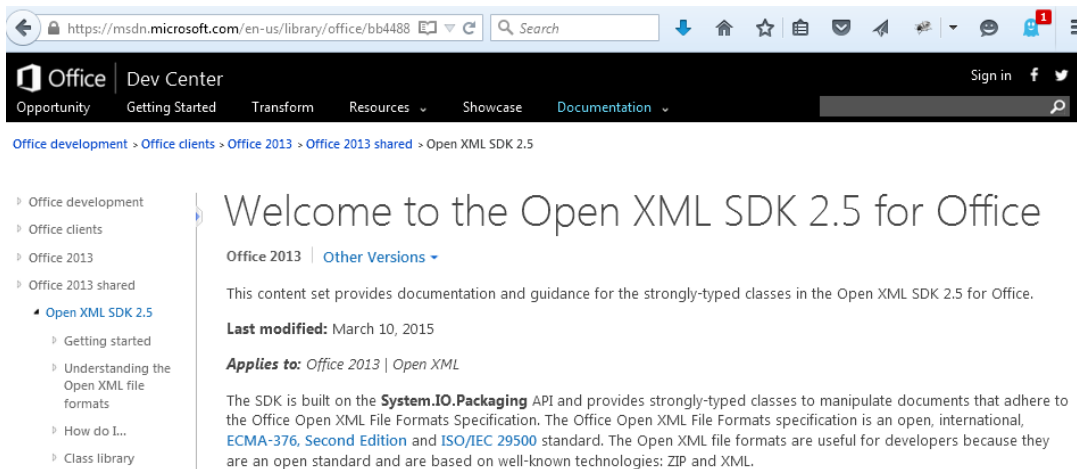
```
x1.GetValue 'A2'      ⍺ Get the value  
x1.GetValue 2 1      ⍺ Get the value  
x1.GetValue 'D5:F8'  ⍺ Get the value  
x1.GetValue 5 4 8 6  ⍺ Get the value
```



But what does the C# / VB / VisualStudio crowd do?

MS Open XML SDK

<https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/office/bb448854.aspx>



The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL <https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/office/bb448854.aspx>. The page header includes the Office logo and "Dev Center" navigation links: Opportunity, Getting Started, Transform, Resources, Showcase, and Documentation. A search bar and social media icons are also present.

The breadcrumb trail reads: Office development > Office clients > Office 2013 > Office 2013 shared > Open XML SDK 2.5.

The main heading is "Welcome to the Open XML SDK 2.5 for Office". Below it, there are links for "Office 2013" and "Other Versions".

The text states: "This content set provides documentation and guidance for the strongly-typed classes in the Open XML SDK 2.5 for Office." It also notes "Last modified: March 10, 2015".

The "Applies to:" section lists "Office 2013" and "Open XML".

The final paragraph explains: "The SDK is built on the **System.IO.Packaging** API and provides strongly-typed classes to manipulate documents that adhere to the Office Open XML File Formats Specification. The Office Open XML File Formats specification is an open, international, [ECMA-376, Second Edition](#) and [ISO/IEC 29500](#) standard. The Open XML file formats are useful for developers because they are an open standard and are based on well-known technologies: ZIP and XML."



Open XML SDK - Download

API and "Tool"



Open XML SDK 2.5 for Microsoft Office

Language: **English**

Download

Note: There are multiple files available for this download. Once you click on the "Download" button, you will be prompted for the files you need.

Version:	Date Published:
RTW	11/20/2012
File Name:	File Size:
OpenXMLSDKV25.msi	2.5 MB
OpenXMLSDKToolV25.msi	24.9 MB

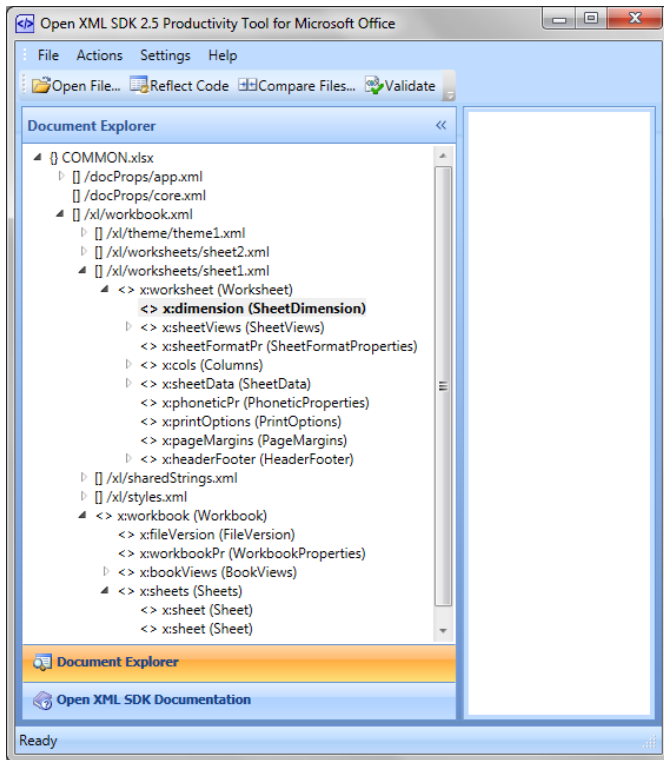


Open XML SDK - Tool

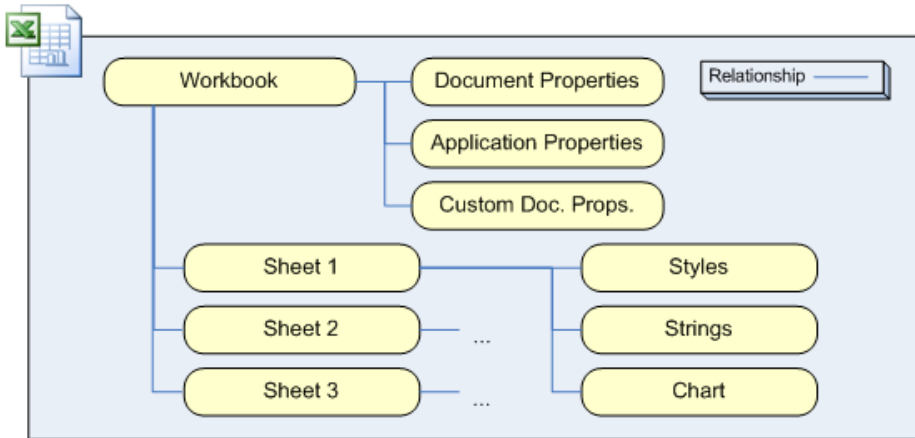
- drill-down into XML structure
- structure, not content?

file:///C:/Program Files (x86)/Open XML SDK/V2.5/tool/HelpPage.htm

"...The **tool** integrates the following functionalities: Automatically generate Open XML SDK code based on document content. User will be able to directly copy, compile and run the code to re-generate the same document or specific parts of the documents..."
(? not tried yet)



Open XML - Structure



from: <http://www.developerfusion.com/article/6170/read-and-write-open-xml-files-ms-office-2007/>
- for a good explanation of XML internal structures and specifics, tag definitions, etc.

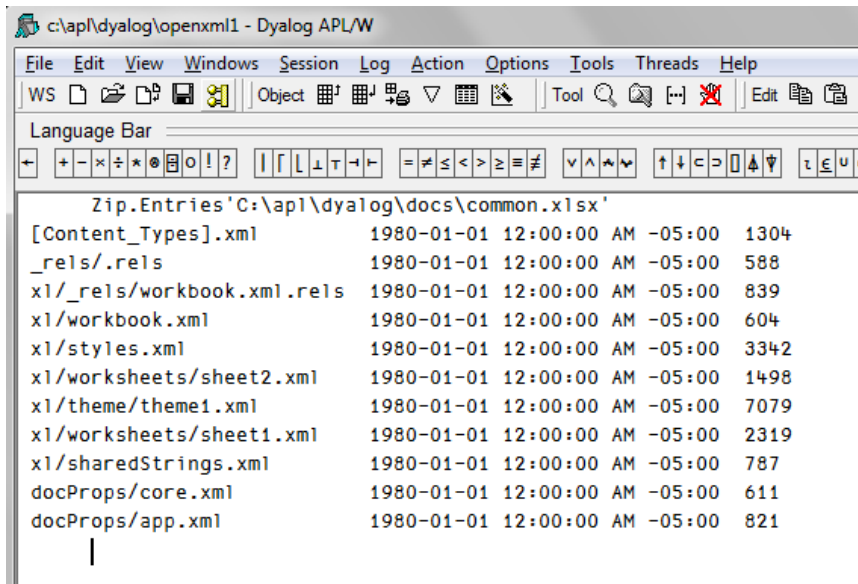
See also: "Open XML Explained e-book"

<http://openxmldeveloper.org/blog/b/openxmldeveloper/archive/2007/08/13/1970.aspx>



Open XML - Structure (from APL)

:USING System.IO.Compression (zip.dyalog by DanB)

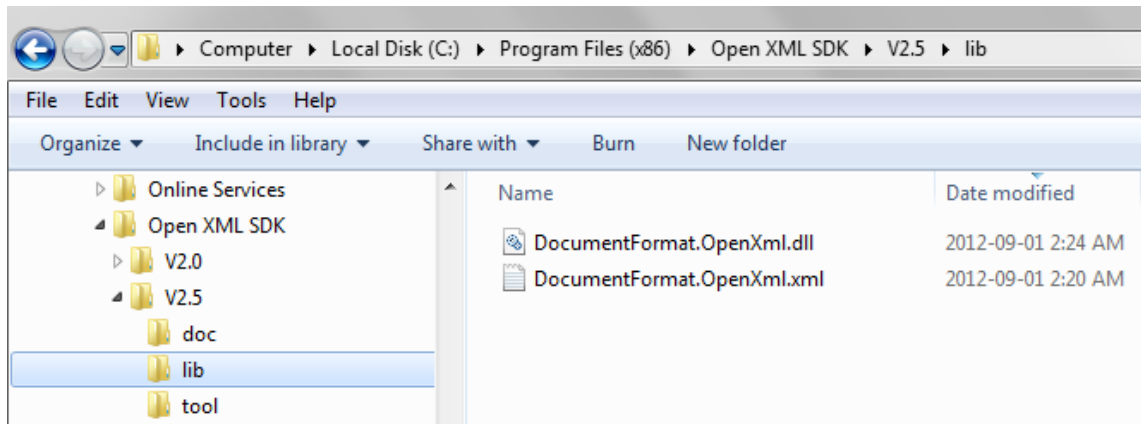


The screenshot shows a Dyalog APL window titled 'c:\apl\dyalog\openxml1 - Dyalog APL/W'. The window contains a list of files extracted from a zip archive, with columns for file names, dates, times, and sizes. The files listed are:

File Name	Date	Time	Size
[Content_Types].xml	1980-01-01	12:00:00 AM	1304
_rels/.rels	1980-01-01	12:00:00 AM	588
x1/_rels/workbook.xml.rels	1980-01-01	12:00:00 AM	839
x1/workbook.xml	1980-01-01	12:00:00 AM	604
x1/styles.xml	1980-01-01	12:00:00 AM	3342
x1/worksheets/sheet2.xml	1980-01-01	12:00:00 AM	1498
x1/theme/theme1.xml	1980-01-01	12:00:00 AM	7079
x1/worksheets/sheet1.xml	1980-01-01	12:00:00 AM	2319
x1/sharedStrings.xml	1980-01-01	12:00:00 AM	787
docProps/core.xml	1980-01-01	12:00:00 AM	611
docProps/app.xml	1980-01-01	12:00:00 AM	821



Open XML SDK - .Net Library



USING, ← C', C:\Program Files\Open XMLSDK\V2.5\lib\DocumentFormat.OpenXml.dll'



Open XML SDK (or similar) - Product Integration

numerous products built with this, or in similar fashion to it by making use of the Open Office Xml format, some free, some not, some out-of-date, eg.

- EPPLus - epplus.codeplex.com - uses System.IO.Packaging namespace
- github.com/dfinke/ImportExcel - uses EPPLus.dll
- GemBoxSoftware - www.gemboxsoftware.com/support/articles/read-write-excel-spreadsheet-net
- EASYXLS - www.easyxls.com/
- Simple OOXML - <http://simpleooxml.codeplex.com/> (2010)
- ExcelPackage - excelpackage.codeplex.com - (last update 2007?)

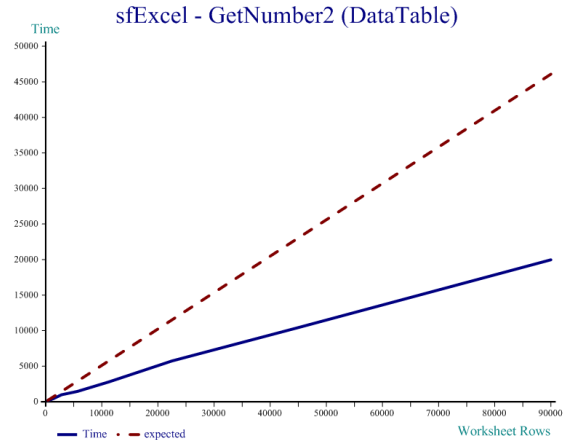
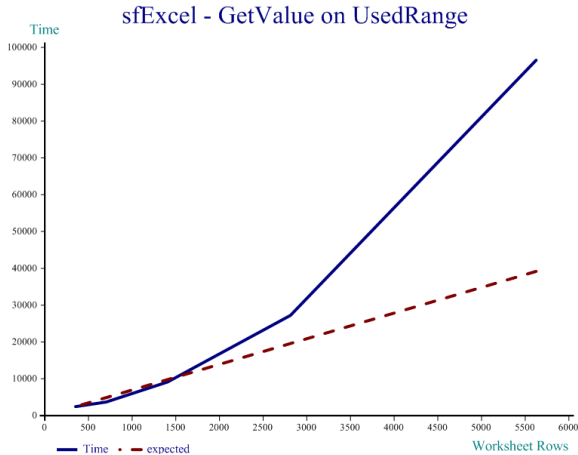
- **MatLab** - <http://www.mathworks.com/help/matlab/ref/xlsread.html>
- **R** - XLConnect - <http://blog.datacamp.com/r-tutorial-read-excel-into-r/>

- popular Blog:
<http://openxmldeveloper.org/>



Issues (XlsIO and Open XML SDK)

1. Speed - for sfExcel (XlsIO) - using a "DataTable" may help, BUT... what about datatype?



DataSet & DataTable (...represents one table of in-memory relational data):

<https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/t31h6yhs%28v=vs.110%29.aspx>



XlsIO - DataTable usage

<http://docs.syncfusion.com/winrt/xlsio/working-with-data#exporting-from-worksheet-to-data-table>

XlsIO / Concepts and Features /
Working with Data

Exporting from Worksheet to Data Table

It is easy to export the sheet data to a data table by using the **ExportDataTable** method of **IWorksheet**. This method allows selection of various data table options such as include column names, export formula calculated values, styles, and types through the **ExcelExportDataTableOptions** enumeration. It has the following values.

ExcelExportDataTableOptions enumeration values

Members	Description
None	Indicates default export to datatable.
ColumnNames	Indicates to export ColumnNames to datatable.
ComputedFormulaValues	Indicates to export ComputedFormulaValues to datatable.
DetectColumnTypes	Indicates that XlsIO should try to detect column types.
DefaultStyleColumnTypes	When DetectColumnTypes is set and this flag is set too, it means that the default column style must be used to detect style. If this flag is not set, but DetectColumnTypes is set, then the first cell in the column is used to detect column type.



DataTable I-Beams - 2010I, 2011I

Dyalog Technical Note #1: (circa 2010)

SetDT←2010I Set DataTable contents

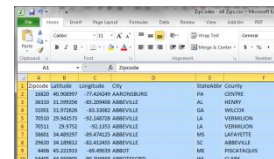
GetDT←2011I Get DataTable contents

"Optimisations to Support the Microsoft.Net System.Data.DataTable Class"

System.Data.DataTable is a central object in the ADO.NET library in the Microsoft.Net Framework. It is used by DataSet and DataView objects as a container for data which has been extracted from, or will be written to, an ADO.NET data source.

"...because we need to "loop" on each row – doing a noticeable amount of work each time. The new I-Beam does all the looping in compiled code..."

- Rapid conversion of source data to APL arrays
- compromises on datatype, easily overcome in APL
- sfExcel fns: GetNumber2, GetText2, SetText2...
- dt.Select(query) = select rows "on the way in" (to APL)?



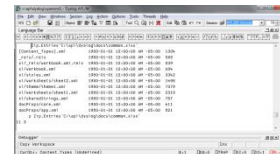
Excel



DataTable



APL



Open XML SDK - Issues

- not many, really, other than complexity, since it offer lots of options
- (*guessing...*) similar performance issues as above for large tables (*when used in "classic OO" manner*)
- finding online examples is easy (C#), but adapting such code is challenging (for me)
- for really large files, blogs indicate workarounds using "Streaming" methods (?)
- is it really necessary? ie. if we are just pulling out entire worksheet xml vectors...
- may be helpful on inclusions (charts, etc.) - to be investigated; or just sorting out what the workbook contains if unknown?
- work in progress



Using Open XML with APL - *what is the best strategy?*

since we "have" the data...

pxml ← {Excel/OpenXML worksheet object}...Worksheet.OuterXml

159478

2000↑xml

```
2000↑3>.xml
<x:worksheet xmlns:r="http://schemas.openxmlformats.org/officeDocument/2006/relationships" xmlns:x14="http://schemas.micro
soft.com/office/spreadsheetml/2009/9/main" xmlns:mc="http://schemas.openxmlformats.org/markup-compatibility/2006" xm
l:ns:x="http://schemas.openxmlformats.org/spreadsheetml/2006/main"><x:sheetPr /><x:dimension ref="A1:K352" /><x:sheet
Views><x:sheetView view="normal" workbookViewId="0"><x:selection pane="topLeft" activeCell="A1" sqref="A1" /></x:she
etView></x:sheetViews><x:sheetFormatPr baseColWidth="0" defaultRowHeight="15" /><x:sheetData><x:row r="1" spans="1:1
1"><x:c r="A1" t="s"><x:v>0</x:v></x:c><x:c r="B1" t="s"><x:v>1</x:v></x:c><x:c r="C1" t="s"><x:v>2</x:v></x:c><x:c
r="D1" t="s"><x:v>3</x:v></x:c><x:c r="E1" t="s"><x:v>4</x:v></x:c><x:c r="F1" t="s"><x:v>5</x:v></x:c><x:c r="G1" t
="s"><x:v>6</x:v></x:c><x:c r="H1" t="s"><x:v>7</x:v></x:c><x:c r="I1" t="s"><x:v>8</x:v></x:c><x:c r="J1" t="s"><x
v>9</x:v></x:c><x:c r="K1" t="s"><x:v>10</x:v></x:c></x:row><x:row r="2" spans="1:11"><x:c r="A2" t="s"><x:v>11</x:v
></x:c><x:c r="B2" t="s"><x:v>12</x:v></x:c><x:c r="C2" t="s"><x:v>13</x:v></x:c><x:c r="D2"><x:v>19560922</x:v></x
c><x:c r="E2" t="s"><x:v>14</x:v></x:c><x:c r="F2" t="s"><x:v>15</x:v></x:c><x:c r="G2"><x:v>42</x:v></x:c><x:c r="H
2"><x:v>425682</x:v></x:c><x:c r="I2"><x:v>425</x:v></x:c><x:c r="J2"><x:v>77082</x:v></x:c><x:c r="K2" t="s"><x:v>1
6</x:v></x:c></x:row><x:row r="3" spans="1:11"><x:c r="A3" t="s"><x:v>17</x:v></x:c><x:c r="B3" t="s"><x:v>18</x:v><
/x:c><x:c r="C3" t="s"><x:v>13</x:v></x:c><x:c r="D3"><x:v>19820324</x:v></x:c><x:c r="E3" t="s"><x:v>19</x:v></x:c>
<x:c r="F3" t="s"><x:v>20</x:v></x:c><x:c r="G3"><x:v>37</x:v></x:c><x:c r="H3"><x:v>51787</x:v></x:c><x:c r="I3"><x
v>384</x:v></x:c><x:c r="J3"><x:v>27292</x:v></x:c><x:c r="K3" t="s"><x:v>21</x:v></x:c></x:row><x:row r="4" spans
="1:11"><x:c r="A4" t="s"><x:v>22</x:v></x:c><x:c r="B4" t="s"><x:v>23</x:v></x:c><x:c r="C4" t="s"><x:v>24</x:v></x
c><x:c r="D4"><x:v>195
```

(thanks DanB...)



Open XML → APL

extract items from the "XML vector"... insert "shared strings"...

The *row* element defines a new row. Normally the first row in the *sheetData* is the first row in the visible sheet. There are optimizations that can alter this behavior, which is discussed later on in the chapter. Inside the row you create new cells using the *c* element.

Values for cells can be provided by storing a *v* element inside the cell. Usually the *v* element will contain the current value of the worksheet cell. To store a numeric value in the spreadsheet, all you have to do is to include its value in the *v* element.

```
<worksheet xmlns="http://.../spreadsheetml/2006/main" >
  <sheetData>
    <row>
      <c>
        <v>42</v>
      </c>
    </row>
  </sheetData>
</worksheet>
```

	A	
1	42	
2		

(from: "Open XML Explained": <http://openxmldeveloper.org/.../Open-XML-Explained.pdf>)

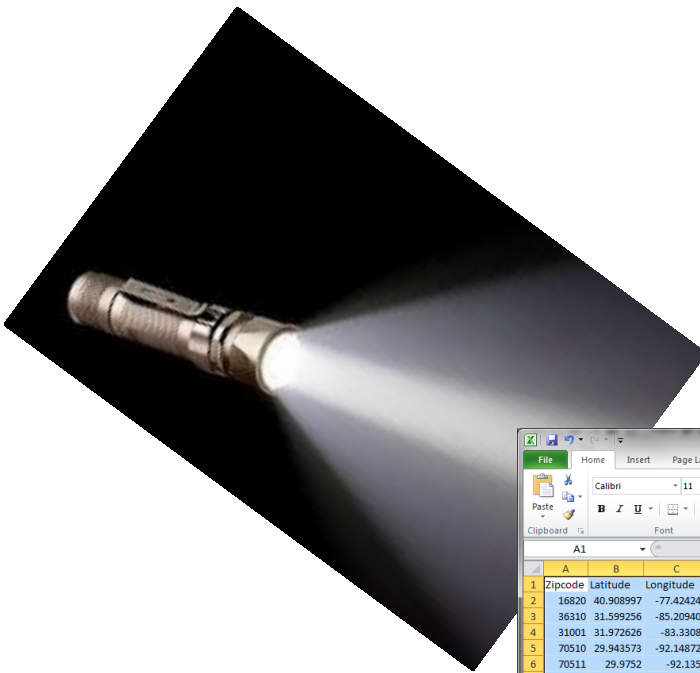


Open XML → APL - issues and further work

- XML vs. direct string manipulations? regular expressions?
- `&`; etc. ie. xml escapes
- missing cell references, special-case dates, N/As, etc.
- inclusions (charts, shapes, tables, etc.)
- selection on (named?) ranges, worksheets, etc.
- clever coding for DataTable and datatype issues (several options)
- APL write to Excel - more to be investigated



Thank you!



	A	B	C	D	E	F
1	Zipcode	Latitude	Longitude	City	StateAbbr	County
2	16820	40.908997	-77.424249	AARONSBURG	PA	CENTRE
3	36310	31.599256	-85.209408	ABBEVILLE	AL	HENRY
4	31001	31.972626	-83.33082	ABBEVILLE	GA	WILCOX
5	70510	29.943573	-92.148728	ABBEVILLE	LA	VERMILION
6	70511	29.9752	-92.1353	ABBEVILLE	LA	VERMILION
7	38601	34.489297	-89.474125	ABBEVILLE	MS	LAFAYETTE
8	29620	34.189812	-82.412455	ABBEVILLE	SC	ABBEVILLE
9	4406	45.221933	-69.49039	ABBOT	ME	PISCATAQUIS
10	54405	44.950905	-90.304868	ABBOTSFORD	WI	CLARK

